Jews Take Over Palestine's History

The first independent Jewish State in 19 years was born after 2,000 years of exile. The historic battle for Palestine came to an end at midnight on Friday, and it was immediately subjected to the test of fire. As "Maccabiah" (State) emerged from its 2,000-year-long battle, with most of the city falling to the Jews. At the same time, President Truman announced that the United States would accord recognition to the new State. A few

hours later, Palestine was invaded by Moslem armies from the south, east and north, and the battle raged on.

On the eve of the invasion, United Nations Special Assembly

adjourned after reaching a resolution to appoint a mediator

later but without taking any action on the Partition Resolution of November 29.

Yesterday the battle for the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road was

fought and two Arab armies were taken. In the north, Acre town was captured, and the Jewish Army consolidated its positions in Western Galilee.

Most Crowded Hours in Palestine's History

Between Thursday night and Friday morning Palestine went through what was probably the most crowded hours in its history.

For the next two weeks the new State was the object of worldwide attention. It was a world-wide event, a world-wide event. It was the most crowded hour in history.

On Friday afternoon, Tel Aviv was the scene of a great celebration. The official opening of the Jewish State was

celebrated with a great demonstration.

Special Assembly Adjourns

Special Assembly Adjourns

The United Nations Special Assembly, which had met in Jerusalem to consider the question of Palestine, adjourned Friday without

taking any action on the Partition Resolution of November 29.

U.S. Recognizes Jewish State

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15—President Truman on Friday, the White House

office of the Secretary of State, announced that the U.S. Government had

recognized the Jewish State. The President, in a message to Congress, said that the recognition of the Jewish State was a

necessary step in the solution of the Palestine question. He added that the recognition of the Jewish State would be a step forward in the

solution of the Jewish question. The President's message was

read to the Senate by the Secretary of State.

Proclamation by Head of Government

The historic day of the establishment of the Jewish State was

proclaimed by President Truman on Friday.

The President's proclamation was read to the Senate by the

Secretary of State.

The proclamation

read:

"The President of the United States, by virtue of the authority

vested in him by the Constitution of the United States, does hereby

proclaim the establishment of the Jewish State in Palestine as a

free and independent State, with the boundaries of the State

being those which were established in the Mandate of the

League of Nations for Palestine, and the capital

being Jerusalem."

The proclamation also declared that the United States would

recognize the Jewish State and would extend diplomatic

relations with the new State.